1. Identification

Product identifier: Petroleum Coke, Uncalcined

Other means of identification:
- Product code: KOMSA2000CAEN
- CAS number: 64741-79-3
- Synonyms: Pet coke, Green Coke, Delayed Coke, Sponge Coke, Thermocracked Coke

Recommended use: Fuel. Only for professional use.

Recommended restrictions: All others.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

KOMSA Sàrl
Corso Elvezia 23, 6900 Lugano
Switzerland

Telephone: +41 (91) 911-6666
001 (316) 828-5595

E-mail: kochmsds@kochind.com

Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC: +1.703.527.3887 (CCN: 617967)

(Please reverse charges)

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards: Combustible dusts

Health hazards: Not classified.

Label elements:
- Hazard symbol: None.
- Signal word: Warning
- Hazard statement: May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary statement:

**Prevention**
Prevent dust accumulation to minimize explosion hazard. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Response**
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

**Storage**
Store away from incompatible materials.

**Disposal**
Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Other hazards: None known.

Supplemental information:
While not specific to Petroleum Coke, long-term inhalation of dusts may cause particle burden, lung overload, and fibrosis.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substances</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Coke, Uncalcined</td>
<td>Pet coke, Green Coke, Delayed Coke, Sponge Coke, Thermocracked Coke</td>
<td>64741-79-3</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Composition comments:
Values do not reflect absolute minimums and maximums; these values are typical which may vary from time to time.

This substance is a UVCB substance.
4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact
Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact
Do not rub eyes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion
Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treat symptomatically.

General information
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards
May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use only non-sparking tools. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Coke, Uncalcined (CAS 64741-79-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable particles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total particulate.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Coke, Uncalcined (CAS 64741-79-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Coke, Uncalcined (CAS 64741-79-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Coke, Uncalcined (CAS 64741-79-3)</td>
<td>15 minute</td>
<td>6 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20 mg/m³</td>
<td>Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 hour</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the OEL (occupational exposure limit), suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.
9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
Grey/black solid.

**Physical state**
Solid.

**Form**
Powder.

**Colour**
Black. Grey.

**Odour**
Slight hydrocarbon.

**Odour threshold**
Not available.

**pH**
Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point**
Not available.

**Initial boiling point and boiling range**
Not available.

**Flash point**
> 93.0 °C (> 199.4 °F)

**Evaporation rate**
Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)**
Combusts at temperatures ≥ 370°C.

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammability limit - lower (%)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability limit - upper (%)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive limit - lower (%)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive limit – upper (%)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Vapour pressure**
Not available.

**Vapour density**
Not available.

**Relative density**
Not available.

**Solubility(ies)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Solubility (water)</th>
<th>Insoluble.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)**
Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature**
670 °C (1238 °F)

**Decomposition temperature**
Not available.

**Viscosity**
Not available.

**Other information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Density</strong></td>
<td>800.00 - 1000.00 kg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dust explosion properties</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kst</td>
<td>147 bar.m/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St class</td>
<td>Weak explosion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum explosible concentration (MEC)</td>
<td>45 - 60 g/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Ignition Temperature (MIT) - dust cloud</td>
<td>550 °C (1022 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum ignition temperature (MIT) - dust layer</td>
<td>270 °C (518 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Explosive properties</strong></td>
<td>Not explosive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Explosivity</strong></td>
<td>1.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oxidising properties</strong></td>
<td>Not oxidising.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability**
Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. Minimise dust generation and accumulation.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
- **Inhalation**: Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
- **Skin contact**: Dust or powder may irritate the skin.
- **Eye contact**: Dust may irritate the eyes.
- **Ingestion**: Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

Information on toxicological effects
- **Acute toxicity**: Not available.
- **Skin corrosion/irritation**: Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
- **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**: Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
- **Respiratory sensitisation**: Not a respiratory sensitisier.
- **Skin sensitisation**: This product is not expected to cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity
Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
- Petroleum Coke, Uncalcined (CAS 64741-79-3) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity
This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Not classified.

Aspiration hazard
Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects
Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability
No data is available on the degradability of this substance.

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available.

Mobility in soil
The product is insoluble in water.

Other adverse effects
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act
Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)
Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases
Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations
Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention
Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention
Not applicable.

Kyoto Protocol
Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol
Not applicable.

Basel Convention
Not applicable.

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Country(s) or region** | **Inventory name** | **On inventory (yes/no)**
---|---|---
United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

### 16. Other information

- **Issue date**: 29-April-2019
- **Revision date**: -
- **Version No.**: 01

**List of abbreviations**
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value.
- TWA: Time Weighted Average Value.

**Disclaimer**

KOMSA Sàrl cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.