1. Identification

PHENOLPHTHALEIN INDICATOR SOLUTION

Product identifier
None.

Other means of identification
3.0

Version #
This SDS has been prepared by SUEZ Regulatory Department (1-215-355-3300).

Prepared by
L212

Revision date
Jan-18-2019

Supersedes date
Nov-26-2018

Recommended use
Field test reagent

Recommended restrictions
None known.

Company/undertaking identification
SUEZ Water Technologies & Solutions Canada
3239 Dundas Street West
Oakville, Ontario, L6M 4B2
T 905-465-3030

Emergency telephone
(800) 877-1940

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards
Flammable liquids Category 3

Health hazards
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity Effects on or via lactation
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (oral) Category 1 (liver)

Label elements

Signal word
Danger

Hazard statement
Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs (liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion.
Precautionary statement

Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage
Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards
None known.

Supplemental information
None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Percent (wt/wt)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>45 - 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>phenolphthalein</td>
<td>77-09-8</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Composition comments
The exact concentrations of the above listed chemicals are being withheld as confidential business information. Information for specific product ingredients as required by the WHMIS Regulations is listed. Refer to additional sections of this SDS for our assessment of the potential hazards of this formulation.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion
Call a physician immediately. Rinse mouth.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information
Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Water spray should be used only to cool fire-exposed containers and disperse vapours.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (full face-piece type).

Specific methods
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards
Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Flammable. Store in explosive proof area where electrical equipment meets NFPA code.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store containers closed when not in use. Earth containers during filling or discharge when performed at temperatures at or above product flash point.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health &amp; Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1880 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values
No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls
Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Provide eyewash station. Adequate ventilation to maintain air contaminants below exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection
Splash proof chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection
Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Glove selection must take into account any solvents and other hazards present.

Other
Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Neoprene gloves wash off after each use. Replace as necessary.

Respiratory protection
If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations
Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Liquid

Color
Colorless

Odor
Odor of alcohol

Odor threshold
Not available.

pH (concentrated product)
7 Neat

Melting point/freezing point
Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range
172 °F (78 °C)

Flash point
75 °F (24 °C) P-M(CC)

Evaporation rate
Slower than Ether

Flammability (solid, gas)
Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)
Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%)
Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%)
Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%)
Not available.

Vapor pressure
Not available.

Vapor density
> 1

Relative density
Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)
Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)
Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature
Not available.

Decomposition temperature
Not available.
10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability
Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents. Friction, heat or other sources of ignition may cause a violent reaction releasing heat and toxic fumes. Contact with oxidizers may cause fire or explosion.

Hazardous decomposition products
Oxides of carbon evolved in fire.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact
No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Eye contact
Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHENOLPHTHALEIN INDICATOR SOLUTION (CAS Mixture)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg, (Calculated according to GHS additivity formula)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 20 mg/l, 4 Hours, (Calculated according to GHS additivity formula)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg, (Calculated according to GHS additivity formula)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation
Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

| Respiratory sensitization | This product is not expected to cause respiratory sensitization. |
Skin sensitization
This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
phenolphthalein (CAS 77-09-8) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
phenolphthalein (CAS 77-09-8) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity
Possible reproductive hazard. May cause harm to breastfed babies. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion.

Aspiration hazard
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic effects
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
No ecotoxicity data noted for the ingredient(s).

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>phenolphthalein</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-0.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other adverse effects
Not available.

Persistence and degradability
No data is available on the degradability of this product.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (ETHANOL, Methanol)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subsidiary risk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

The goods described above have been classified using a combination of testing, technical data, calculations and manufacturer knowledge in accordance with Part 2, Classification. TDG Classification is valid for road or rail transport only. For shipment by air or water, refer to IATA or IMDG regulations.

DOT
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohols, n.o.s. (ETHANOL, Methanol)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Transport hazard class(es)
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III

Special precautions for user
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

ERG number
127

Some containers may be exempt from Dangerous Goods/Hazmat Transport Regulations, please check BOL for exact container classification.

IMDG
- UN number: UN1987
- UN proper shipping name: ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (ETHANOL, METHANOL)

Transport hazard class(es)
- Class: 3
- Subsidiary risk: -
- Packing group: III

Environmental hazards
- Marine pollutant: No.
- EmS: F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA
- UN number: UN1987
- UN proper shipping name: Alcohols, n.o.s. (ETHANOL, Methanol)

Transport hazard class(es)
- Class: 3
- Subsidiary risk: -
- Packing group: III

Environmental hazards
- Marine pollutant: No.
- ERG Code: 127

Special precautions for user
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada NPRI VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements: Listed substance/Identification Number
- Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Listed.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act
Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)
Not listed.
Greenhouse Gases
Not listed.
Precursor Control Regulations
Not regulated.

Inventory status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date                  Apr-01-2016
Revision date               Jan-18-2019
Version #                   3.0
NFPA ratings:
  Health: 2
  Flammability: 3
  Instability: 0

List of abbreviations
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Registration Number
TSRN indicates a Trade Secret Registry Number is used in place of the CAS number.
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
NOEL: No Observed Effect Level
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%
LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%
TWA: Time Weighted Average
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
TOC: Total Organic Carbon
IATA: International Air Transport Association
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
TLV: Threshold Limit Value

References:
No data available

Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.